Work Virtual Lab

Distance

Force

NAME	
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Work=Force*Distance

Parallel

Directions

Event	(Newtons)	(meters)	YES/NO	(Joules)		
1. Of the events you explored, which animal did the most work? Why?						
2. Using the scientific definition of work, explain why no work was done in one of the events.						
3. Using the scientific definition of work, does a greater amount of forcealways result in a greater amount of work? Why or why not?						
4. Using the scientific definition of work, does moving an object a greater amount of distance always						
require a greater amount of work? Why or why not?						
5. List three additional real-world examples that show work being done.						
6. What real-world examples show no work	haing dana?	Can you thin	k of examples	other than		
resisting the force of gravity?	being done: v	can you tilli	k of examples	other than		